

Production Goal: SuperCal feature a mounding or trailing form and vigorous growth habit. The following overview is intended to provide a baseline to help produce high quality quart pots **10-12 weeks after sticking**. For more detailed information, visit www.sakataornamentals.com and download the complete SuperCal culture guide.

Variety Selection: While all SuperCal varieties make excellent baskets and planters, care should be taken when selecting varieties for quart production. Varieties recommended for quart pot production include the following 6 colors: **SuperCal Artist Rose, Blushing Pink, Blue, Cherry Imp, Violet (trailing type), and Vanilla Blush**. The remaining varieties need supplemental lighting and/or more aggressive PGR treatments to finish high quality pots in early spring.

Production Notes: High light, temperature and water management are critical to controlling plant height. The best method for minimizing stretch under high density conditions is to use Florel early in propagation followed by PGR applications and cultural controls. Flood floor irrigation is very difficult to implement water restriction practices and not recommended for producing SuperCal in quart pots.

Production Week	Notes/Comments
0 (Sticking)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Direct stick cuttings into an 84 to 102-cell tray filled with a sterile, well-drained and porous media. Moisten the soil prior to sticking. (Do not soak the soil). pH 5.5 to 6.0. Keep media on the moist side, but not saturated as excess moisture slows rooting. Under less than ideal conditions, consider using a rooting hormone with up to 2500 ppm of IBA. Mixtures that also include up to 500 ppm of NAA work as well. Bottom heat enhances root development. Maintain soil temperature between 68-72°F
1-4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cuttings should require mist for the first 5-7 days and then only as needed to help keep cuttings turgid and prevent wilting Maintain moderate humidity (50-60%) and light levels around 1,500-2000 FC A preventative soil drench for Pythium may be applied to assist with root development After 10-14 days from sticking, apply tank mix spray of 1250-2500ppm B-Nine and 500ppm *Florel (ethephon). Apply early in the day and without mist to allow for maximum absorption. Take care not to over apply – wet foliage only. (*250ppm is recommended on Vanilla Blush)
5-10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Pinch liners to 3rd node prior to or at transplanting Transplant into quart pots filled with a sterile, well-drained and porous media. (pH 5.5 to 6.0) Maintain temperature 70°/60° F (day/night) and relative humidity around 50-60% Increase light level to 3500-5000 FC (avoid growing baskets overhead) Long-day lighting is essential for crops transplanted prior to week-10 Allow media to dry in-between irrigations to tone plants and maximize uptake of nutrients. Following root establishment, fertilizer 100-125ppm N CLF with a full minor complement or weekly at 250-300ppm N. Utilizing neutral-reaction fertilizer helps keep media pH from increasing beyond ideal level (Cal-Mag/low ammonium fertilizer such as 15-5-15 work best) Supplemental applications of magnesium sulfate (MgSO₄) at 16 lbs/100 gallons every 2 weeks is recommended to promote a deep green leaf color. EC level: 1.0 to 1.5 As plants begin to fill-in (7-8 weeks after sticking) apply a B-Nine spray at 2,500 ppm to help maintain a bushy habit. A second application may be required 2-3 weeks later.
Finish (11-15)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> SuperCal are vigorous and care must be taken to keep plants in check, especially in qts Bonzi (paclobutrazol) drenches (2-4 ppm) also work very well prevent to excess stretching Maintain average daily temperatures of 65°F Be sure to tone plants with high light (>5000 foot candles) but maintain the fertilizer at full strength to keep the foliage dark green and healthy.

Additional Notes:

- Start with a uniform cutting about ½ to ¾ inches long and 2 sets of leaves.
- Pinching: Some additional shaping of plants may be needed to provide an ideal finished plant.
- Temperature: Cooler temperatures (55-60F) combined with high light (10+ moles/day) produces high quality plants, however, crop time can be longer by a few weeks with significant lower average daily temperatures.
- The use of a retractable roof greenhouse for full light exposure during the day and frost protection at night is ideal.
- PGR's: Florel must be applied early in the crop (at least 8 weeks prior to shipping) to prevent flower delay.

Variety selection is important when producing SuperCal® in a quart program.



SuperCal flower response under natural-day conditions (Salinas, CA April 1st): SC Blushing Pink (L), Blue (Cntr), Neon Rose (R).
Providing long-day lighting will improve flower count and uniformity.

SuperCal habit: Vanilla Blush (Left), Violet (Right)

Use the following Attribute Table to assist in your production planning

SuperCal Variety	Qt Prod	Earliness*	Bloom Size	Vigor	Photoperiod	Habit
Artist Rose	X	+	=	=	9 hrs	Upright
Blue	Later	-	=	=	10.5 hrs	Semi-Upright
Blushing Pink	X	+	=	=	9 hrs	Upright
Cherry Imp	X	+	-	=	9 hrs	Semi-Upright
Neon Rose		-	=	=	11 hrs	Trailing
Pink Ice		=	-	=	9.5 hrs	Trailing
Purple		-	=	+	11 hrs	Trailing
Terracotta		=	=	+	10 hrs	Upright
Vanilla Blush	X	+	=	-	9 hrs	Upright
Velvet		-	=	+	11 hrs	Trailing
Violet	X	=	-	=	10 hrs	Trailing

Attribute Key	+	=	-
Earliness	S. Earlier	Average	S. Later
Bloom Size	E. Large	Large	Medium
Vigor	Vigorous	Average	Lower

*Photoperiod is the minimum day length needed to initiate flower. Higher intensity and duration of light will improve flowering.

Crop Time: With high light conditions (10+ moles/day), long-days or LD-lighting, and 65°F ADT; you should finish quart SuperCal in 10-12 weeks from stick date. Regional and seasonal factors influence final results.

Factor	Effect
Day length < 12 hours	Increases crop time
Day length > 14 hours	Decreases crop time
Temperature < 60°F/21°C	Increases crop time
Temperature > 60°F/21°C	Decreases crop time
Light Level < 5,000 f.c./ 54,000 lux	Increases crop time
Light Level > 5,000 f.c./ 54,000 lux	Decreases crop time



SuperCal® The All-Weather Petunia!™
Producing SuperCal® in the new branded pots and premium tags helps differentiate the product at retail and increase sell-through.